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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/961,218	09/21/2001	Michael E. Brown	016295.0697	4097	
7590 05/27/2005			EXAM	EXAMINER	
Michael R. Barre			BHATIA, AJAY M		
Bakers Botts L.L.P. One Shell Plaza			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
910 Louisiana			2145		
Houston, TX 77002-4995			DATE MAILED: 05/27/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Occasion	09/961,218	BROWN ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
·	Ajay M. Bhatia	2145				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	i6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>21 September 2001</u> .						
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This	This action is FINAL. 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
, —	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-21 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate · Patent Application (PTO-152)				
S. Patent and Trademark Office						

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title..

1. Claims 1-4, and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. For example "after associating the first host name with the UID for the first host, causing the first host to produce a completion signal," in not clearly in the technological art it could be done for example after associating a persons name with a serial number, the person holds up a flag.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. An issue of public use or on sale activity has been raised in this application. In order for the examiner to properly consider patentability of the claimed invention under 35 U.S.C. 102(b), additional information regarding this issue is required as follows:

 Design and operational information for PowerApp Kick-Start Utility and claimed invention if it is different (flow charts, code, and step by step explanation of how the

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program operates (Also a demonstration of the operation of the claimed invention and PowerApp Kick-Start Utility may help)).

Applicant is reminded that failure to fully reply to this requirement for information will result in a holding of abandonment.

- 3. Claims 1-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) based upon a public use or sale of the invention. (See MPEP 2133.03(e) and 1504.02)
- 4. The dell webpage retrieved (retrieved on) using the Way-Back-Machine an Internet archive, is treated as evidence of Intent to Offer for Sale, since prices for purchase are provided for device contained the claimed invention. (see Akron Brass Co. v. Elkhart Brass Mfg. Co., 353 F.2d 704, 709, 147 USPQ 301, 305 (7th Cir. 1965) and distribution of price quotations (Amphenol Corp. v. General. Time Corp., 158 USPQ 113, 117 (7th Cir. 1968))). In addition to document collected from the archive, document

5. Intent

"When sales are made in an ordinary commercial environment and the goods are placed outside the inventor's control, an inventor's secretly held subjective intent to experiment," even if true, is unavailing without objective evidence to support the contention. Under such circumstances, the customer at a minimum must be made aware of the experimentation." LaBounty Mfg., Inc. v. United States Int 'I Trade Comm'n, 958 F.2d 1066, 1072, 22 USPQ2d 1025, 1029 (Fed. Cir. 1992) (quoting Harrington Mfg. Co. v. Powell Mfg. Co., 815 F.2d 1478, 1480 n.3, 2 USPQ2d 1364, 1366 n.3 (Fed. Cir. 1986); Paragon Podiatry Laboratory, Inc. v. KLM Labs., Inc., 984 F.2d 1182, 25 USPQ2d 1561 (Fed. Cir. 1993) (Paragon sold the inventive units to the trade as

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completed devices without any disclosure to either doctors or patients of their involvement in alleged testing. Evidence of the inventor's secretly held belief that the units were not durable and may not be satisfactory for consumers was not sufficient, alone, to avoid a statutory bar.). (see MPEP 2133.03(e)(2))

6. For claims 1-21, the limitation of the claimed invention are taught explicitly in the sighted documentation in the 892 which describe the Dell PowerApp.web and any feature not clearly taught are inherent to the Dell PowerApp.web device. Installation Guides, and Setup and Information Updates provide information as to the functionality and operation of the Dell PowerApp.web. In addition comment posted buy users to a dell listsery indicate that the device on sale is the same as the invention disclosed in the application for patent.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Blumenau (U.S. Patent 6,631,442) in view of Foster et al. (U.S. Patent 6,378,068 referred to as Foster).

8. For claim 1, Blumenau teaches, a method for automatically naming hosts in a distributed data processing system, the method comprising:

receiving a unique identifiers identifier (UID) from each of a plurality of hosts in communication with a cluster controller; (See Blumenau, Col. 23 lines 40-46)

receiving user input from a first host among the plurality of hosts; (See Blumenau, Col. 22 lines 54-60)

in response to receiving the user input from the first host, associating a first host name with the UID for the first host; (See Blumenau, Col. 22 lines 54-67)

receiving user input from a second host among the multiple hosts; and (See Blumenau, Col. 22 lines 54-60)

repeating the operations of receiving replies from hosts, associating host names with UIDs, until each of the multiple hosts has been named, such that the user input dictates the order in which host names are assigned to the multiple hosts. (See Blumenau, CoI. 22 lines 54-60, it is inherent from the disclosure that since devices are name upon access order is dictated by the order that user access the devices)

Blumenau fails to teach, in response to receiving the UIDs, causing the plurality of hosts to produce ready signals;

after associating the first host name with the UID for the first host, causing the first host to produce a completion signal; and causing hosts to produce completion signals.

Foster teaches, in response to receiving the UIDs, causing the plurality of hosts to produce ready signals;

after associating the first host name with the UID for the first host, causing the first host to produce a completion signal;

and causing hosts to produce completion signals, (see Foster, Col. 52 lines 8-21, it is clear from the disclosure that a signal is produced upon accessing of the device and that signal is completed upon the end of the accessing of the device)

It would have been obvious to on of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to combine the naming system of Blumenau with the computer chip apparatus of Foster it is well known in the art that microprocessors sub components of larger computer systems and that the use of Foster's microprocessor provides increase functionality of when communicating with host and increased performance for power management as in laptops. (see Foster, Col. 1 lines 17-30) and (See Blumenau, Col. 2 lines 27-43)

9. For claim 2, Blumenau-Foster teaches, the method of claim 1, wherein the operation of associating a first host name with the UID for the first host comprises:

in response to receiving the user input from the first host, transmitting data to the first host; and (See Blumenau, Col. 22 lines 59-67)

after transmitting the data to the first host, receiving a reply from the first host, such that the first host name is associated with the UID for the first host in further response to the reply. (See Blumenau, Col. 23 lines 25-39)

The same motivation that was utilized in the rejection of claim 1, applies equally as well to claim 2.

 For claim 3, Blumenau-Foster teaches, the method of claim 2, further comprising: providing the cluster controller with a host-name index, wherein: (See Blumenau, Col. 23 lines 25-39 and lines 53-62)

the operation of transmitting data to the first host comprises transmitting the host-name index to the first host; (See Blumenau, Col. 22 lines 54-60)

the operation of receiving a reply from the first host comprises receiving an incremented host-name index from the first host; and (See Blumenau, Col. 23 lines 53-60)

the operation of associating a host name with the UID for the first host comprises using the host-name index to generate the host name to be associated with the UID for the first host. (See Blumenau, Col. 22 lines 54-60 and Col. 23 lines 25-39) The same motivation that was utilized in the rejection of claim 2, applies equally as well to claim 3.

11. For claim 5, Blumenau-Foster teaches, the method of claim 1, wherein the operation of causing the multiple hosts to produce ready signals comprises activating

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light emitting diodes (LEDs) on the multiple hosts to indicate that the multiple hosts are ready to be named. (See Foster, Col. 52 lines 8-14)

The same motivation that was utilized in the rejection of claim 5, applies equally as well to claim 1.

12. For claim 7, Blumenau-Foster teaches, the method of claim 1, wherein the operation of causing the first host to produce a completion signal comprises deactivating a light emitting diode (LED) on the first host. (See Foster, Col. 52 lines 14-21)

The same motivation that was utilized in the rejection of claim 5, applies equally as well to claim 1.

- 13. For claim 8, Blumenau-Foster teaches, the method of claim 1, wherein the operation of causing the first host to produce a completion signal comprises producing
- 14. Blumenau-Foster fail to teach, an audible signal to indicate that the first host has been named.
- 15. It would have been obvious to on of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to replace the LED of the Blumenau-Foster system with a speaker in order to provide an audio based feed back because an LED may not be properly

visible in a low light environment and/or to help users with poor or no vision.(see Foster Col. 70 lines 33-46)

- 16. Claims 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, and 21 list all the same elements of claims 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, and 8, but in apparatus and system form rather than method form.

 Therefore, the supporting rationale of the rejection to claims 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, and 8 applies equally as well to claims 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, and 21.
- 17. Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Blumenau-Foster as applied to claims 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, and 21 above, and further in view of Nixon et al. (U.S. Patent 6,098,116 referred to as Nixon).
- 18. For claim 4, Blumenau-Foster teaches, the method of claim 2, further comprising: providing the cluster controller with a host-name index and a host-name root; and (See Blumenau, Col. 23 lines 25-39)

causes the multiple hosts to transmit the UIDs to the cluster controller; (See Blumenau, Col. 22 lines 54-60)

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receives the index in the data from the cluster controller, increments the index, and transmits the incremented index to the cluster controller in the reply; and (See Blumenau, Col. 23 lines 7-10 and lines 53-60)

the operation of associating a host name with the UID for the first host comprises using the host-name root and the host-name index to generate the host name to be associated with the UID for the first host. (See Blumenau, Col. 23 lines 25-39)

Blumenau-Foster fails to teach, providing the multiple hosts with auto-naming logic, wherein: and the auto-naming logic

Nixon teaches, providing the multiple hosts with auto-naming logic, wherein: and the auto-naming logic (See Nixon Col. 31 line 54 to Col. 32 Line 20)

It would be obvious of one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the system of Blumenau-Foster with the method of Nixon because Nixon provides for programming field devices from a remote location removing the need to be at the location of the field device. (See Nixon Col. 2 line 2 to Col. 3 line 3) and (See Blumenau, Col. 2 lines 61 to Col. 3 line 3) and (see Foster, Col. 1 lines 17-30)

19. Claims 6, 13, and 20 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Blumenau-Foster as applied to claims 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18,

19, and 21 above, and further in view of Gussin (CD-ROM Professional, August 1, 1995, Volume, 8, Issue 8).

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20. For claim 6, Blumenau-Foster fails to teach, the method of claim 1, wherein the operation of receiving user input from the first host comprises detecting that a disk has been inserted into a disk drive of the first host.

Gussin shows, the method of claim 1, wherein the operation of receiving user input from the first host comprises detecting that a disk has been inserted into a disk drive of the first host. (See Gussin, Paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 under the heading Autoplay)

It would be obvious of one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the system of Blumenau-Foster with the methods discussed by Gussin because Gussin discusses the improvements made to the windows over current versions. (See Blumenau, Col. 3 line 7-16) and (See Gussin, Paragraphs 1-4 at the start of the article)

21. Claims 13 and list all the same elements of claim 6, but in apparatus and system form rather than method form. Therefore, the supporting rationale of the rejection to claims 6 applies equally as well to claims 13 and 20.

Response to Arguments

In response to 112th rejection arguments of claims, the term "unique identifier", applicant states that that one skilled in the art is able to define the definition, a required the broadest possible interpretation of the term is required, which limits to any identification they can differentiate one device from one other device. If applicant feels that this is too broad of a definition they are suggested to amend the claims to clearly define the boundary of the claimed invention.

In response to arguments made in response to 103 rejections are mute in light of new grounds of rejection.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. See attached UPSTO 892.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ajay M. Bhatia whose telephone number is (571)-272-3906. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30 am - 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Valencia M. Wallace can be reached on (571)-272-6159. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

AB

VALENCIA MARTIN-WALLACE SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER